Estimated number of aged persons and dependent survivors receiving income from specified source, June 1951

[In millions]

	Persons aged 65 and over			Widows under age 65		1	
Source of income	Total	Men	Women	Total 2	With 1 or more children under age 18	Paternal orphans under age 18 3	
Total in population 4	12.7	6.0	6.7	3.6	0.8	2. 0	
Employment Earners Wives of earners	3.9 2.9	2. 4 2. 4	1.4 .5 .9	1.9 1.9	.4	.1	
Social insurance and related programs Old-age and survivors insurance Railroad retirement Federal employee retirement programs. Veterans' compensation and pension program. Other ⁶ Public assistance	3.0 .3 .2 .3 .4 7 2.7	1.7 .2 .1 .2 .1 71.3	1.3 .1 (5) .1 .3 71.4	(5) (5) (5) (6) (6) 8.1	.2 (5) (5) .1 (5) 8.1	(5) (5) (5) .3 (5) 8.4	

- 1 Continental United States only.
- ² Excludes widows who have remarried. ³ Includes children not living with widowed
- mother.

 Includes person with no income and with income from sources other than those specified. Some persons received income from more than one of the sources listed.
- Less than 50,000.
 Beneficiaries of State and local government programs and wives of male beneficiaries of programs other than old-age and survivors insurance.
 - 7 Old-age assistance.
 8 Aid to dependent children.

the groups with income from sources other than those listed in the tablethat is, persons with income from investments, industrial pensions, individually purchased annuities, and contributions from relatives and friends. It is estimated that perhaps a quarter of a million persons aged 65 and over were in receipt of industrial pensions in 1950, that about 400,000 aged persons, including some industrial pensioners, were receiving annuities under insurance company contracts; and that about 300,000 aged survivors of insured persons were drawing periodic payments from insurance companies under life insurance contracts.

Reports from State public assistance agencies to the Social Security Administration for August 1951 indicate that about 1 in 8 aged beneficiaries of old-age and survivors insurance and about 1 in every 10 child beneficiaries were receiving supplementary assistance in that month.

Workmen's Compensation Payments, 1950

Compensation payments and medical benefits under workmen's compensation programs during 1950 have been estimated at \$618 million, 8.5

Source: Earners aged 65 and over estimated by the Bureau of the Census. Population aged 65 and over, number of widows in population, number of earners among widows and paternal orphans, number of wives of earners, and number of wives of maie beneficiaries of programs other than old-age and survivors insurance estimated from Bureau of the Census data. Number of paternal orphans under age 18 based on October 1949 estimate prepared by the Social Security Administration. Number of persons in receipt of payments under social insurance and related programs and from public assistance, reported by administrative agencies, partly estimated.

percent more than for the preceding year. The relative increase was somewhat greater than that in 1949, when payments were 6.1 percent above the total for 1948.

The slight acceleration in the rate of increase accompanied an upturn in the number of work injuries, as estimated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. After dropping to a 10-year low in 1949, the volume of all disabling work injuries—compensable and noncompensable—increased about 4 percent between 1949 and 1950. Compensation payments during 1950 reflect the high wages on which benefits are based as well as this increase in the number of workers injured in onthe-job accidents.

The increase was very uneven among the States. Under 10 programs, payments in 1950 were at least 15 percent higher than in 1949. For some of these programs, notably that for Federal employees, the greater rate of increase was associated with a statutory liberalization in the maximum on the weekly benefit amount; for several others, however, the increase was a continuation of a rise that had been significantly greater than the national increase during the past few years.

Of the total of \$618 million, 62 per-

Estimates of workmen's compensation payments, by State, 1949 and 1950

[In thousands]

State	1949	1950	Percentage change, 1950 from 1949	
Total	\$569,838	\$618,489	+8.5	
Alabama	2,659	2, 137	-19.6	
Arizona Arkansas	8,218 3,501	7,500 3,705	-8.7 +5.8	
California	52, 672	57, 070	+8.3	
Colorado	3,154	3,568	+13.1	
Delaware	9, 438 670	9,500 720	 + .7	
Delaware District of Columbia	2,279	2,360		
Florida	6,815	7,418	+8.8	
Georgia	3,806	4, 287	+12.6	
Idaho	1,920	1,950	+1.6	
Illinois Indiana	29, 941 8, 694	31,370 8,920	$\begin{array}{c c} +4.8 \\ +2.6 \end{array}$	
Iowa	4,192	J 4.985	1 +18.9	
Kansas		4,260	+15.7	
KentuckyLouisiana		6, 767	+4.(+15.0	
Maine	1,854	11,400 1,600	+15.0 -13.	
Maryland Massachusetts	6, 506 20, 916	6,920	+6.4	
Michigan	20,007 9,302	23, 243 9, 662		
Mississippi	1,383	2,420	[+75.0]	
Missouri	10,170	10,520	+3.4	
Montana Nebraska	2,422 2,178	2, 544 2, 360	+5.6 +8.4	
Nevada	1,571	1,500	-4.	
New Hampshire	1.546	1,670		
New Jersey New Mexico	27, 681 1, 760	29,010 2,330	+4.8 +32.4	
New York	112,051	119, 188	+6.4	
North Carolina	5,812	6,430	+10.0	
North Dakota Ohio	1,060 38,065	1,100 40,000	+3.8 +5.1	
Oklahoma	7, 525	8,044	+6.	
Oregon	1 - 7.923	8,983	+13.4	
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	29,138 3,516		+5.8 +8.3	
South Carolina	3,968	4,000		
South Dakota	802		+18.	
Tennessee	4, 721 30, 437	5, 429 33, 380	+15.0	
TexasUtah	30,437	33,380 1,880	+9.	
Vermont	1,781 842	900	+5.6	
Virginia Washington	5,256	5, 640	+7.3	
Washington	14,656	14,770	+	
West Virginia Wisconsin	9,423 12,362	13, 356	+2.	
Wyoming	930	1,011	+8.	
Federal employees	14, 210	23, 370	+64.8	
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¹ Preliminary. Payments represent cash and medical benefits and include insurance cases paid by private insurance carriers (1949 data compiled from the Speciator: Premiums and Losses by States of Casualty, Surety and Miscellaneous Lines, 78th annual issue; 1950 data from the Speciator: Insurance by States of Fire, Marine, Casualty, Surety and Miscellaneous Lines, 79th annual issue), net disbursements of State funds (data from the Speciator, the Argus Casualty and Surety Chart, 52nd annual edition, and State reports and estimates for some States), and self-insurance payments (estimated from available State data). Data for calendar years except for Montana and West Virginia, for Federal employees, and for State fund disbursements in Maryland, North Dakota, Oregon, and Utah, for which data for fiscal years ended in 1949 and 1950 were used. Includes benefit payments under the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act and the Defense Bases Compensation Act for the States in which such payments are made.

cent was paid by private insurance carriers, 24 percent by State funds, and 14 percent by self-insurers. Esti-(Continued on page 33)

Table 9.—Amount of vendor payments for medical care for recipients of public assistance, by program and State, July 1951

State 3	Old-age assist- ance	Aid to dependent children	Aid to the blind	Aid to the perma- nently and totally disabled	General assist- ance ³
Calif Conn	\$254,741	\$113,853	\$3,177	(4) (4)	\$42, 543 (⁵) (⁵)
Del Ill Ind	426, 308 284, 062	58 32, 173 53, 741	10, 899 11, 177	\$10,932	(5) 380, 887 125, 055
Iowa Kans	103, 839	25, 508	3, 192	(4) (4) 13, 088	131, 707 42, 051
Maine Mich	59	2,044	154	(4) 974	628 35, 225 76, 099
Minn Mont	638, 300	40, 412		(4)	(⁵) 111, 420
Nebr Nev	148, 845	9, 173	675	(4) (4)	(5) 4,505
N. H. N. J. N. Y.	57, 160 1, 000, 020	17, 181 14, 445 340, 104	2, 142 42, 341	(4) (4) 246, 057	(5) 93,777 (5)
N. C. N. Dak Ohio	4, 666 20, 863	1,817	192 3,759	450 1,097	102, 617 16, 873
Oreg	202, 859	13, 203	3, 159		425, 378109, 237
R. I. S. Dak V. I.	51			1	34, 827 75, 209 65
Va Wis	355, 375	78, 096	9, 106	4, 920	4, 159 82, 903
	I		1	1	

¹ For July data excluding vendor payments for medical care, see the Bulletin, October 1951.

** Excludes States that either made no vendor payments for medical care for

No program for aid to the permanently and totally disabled.
 Data not available.

Table 10.—Average payments including vendor payments for medical care and average amount of vendor payments per assistance case, by program and State, July 1951 1

	Old-age assistance		Aid to dependent children (per family)		Aid to the blind		Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	
State 2	All assist- ance	Vendor payments for medical care	All assist- ance	Ven- dor pay- ments for medi- cal care	All assist- ance	Ven- dor pay- ments for medi- cal care	All assist- ance	Ven- dor pay- ments for medi- cal care
Conn	\$73.44	\$12.84	\$128.21 80.95	\$20.74 .08	\$78. 20	\$10.35	(3)	(3)
III	48.82	3.64	104.70	1.41	52.02	2.60	\$52.35	\$7.03
Ind Kans	40.47 51.71	5.79 2.70	70.34 85.74	5.46 5.42	44.13 55.18	6.11 4.94	(3)	(3)
La	46, 52	(4)	49.51	.09	44.31	.08	31. 28	5.03 .07
Minn	56.63	11,55	99.98	5.18			(3)	
Nebr	52.45	6.52	89.76	2.75	61.83	. 90	(8)	(3)
N. H N. J	52.33	8.00	110.87 95.24	11.50 2.79	56.37	7.00	(3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)
N. Y	61.00	8.45	113.68	6.32	69.89	10.03	66, 51	9.48
Ŋ. O	22.62	. 08	45. 97	.11	-=====		26.82	. 16
N. C. N. Dak Ohio	52.48 46.35	2.30 1.70	69, 99	.92	55.71 44.03	1.68	55.88	2.20
V. I	10.82	.08	15.15	.03	#1.00	. 50	(5)	(5)
Wis	50.42	6.83	116.31	9.15	56.86	6.61	69.84	6. 24

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ For July data excluding vendor payments for medical care, see the Bulletin , October 1951. All averages based on cases receiving money payments, vendor

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION (Continued from page 26)

mated national totals for each type of insurer for the 2 years are shown below.

[In thousands]

Type of insurer	1949	1950
Total	\$569,838	\$618, 489
Private carriers State funds Self-insurers	353, 092 134, 306 82, 440	381, 080 150, 155 87, 254

Although the distribution by type of insurer is approximately the same for 1949 and 1950, the components

showed quite different rates of increase. In contrast to an 8-percent rise for private carrier payments, State fund disbursements went up 12 percent. The faster-than-average rate of increase for State funds was concentrated in the program for Federal employees; as a result of benefit liberalization toward the end of 1949, payments in 1950 exceeded the previous year's amount by 64 percent. Payments under the other State funds were 6 percent higher in 1950 than in 1949, the same rate of growth as for self-insurance payments.

It is estimated that, in both 1949 and 1950, medical and hospitalization costs accounted for just under onethird of total workmen's compensation payments. Of the nonmedical payments, roughly 87 percent was cash compensation for nonfatal injuries and the remaining 13 percent was paid in death cases. Following are the estimated amounts for each year:

[In millions]

1949	1950
\$570	\$618
185 385 333 52	200 418 363 55
	\$570 185 385 333

(Continued from page 32)

Retirement and Old Age

ABRAMS, ALBERT J. "New Patterns of State Action for the Aging." State Government, Chicago, Vol. 24, Sept. 1951, pp. 233-237 ff. 50 cents.

Man and His Years: An Account of the First National Conference on Aging, Sponsored by the Federal Security Agency. Raleigh, N. C .: Health Publications Institute, Inc., 1951. 311 pp. \$1.75.

The report of the first National Conference on Aging, sponsored by the Federal Security Agency. Separate chapters carry the reports of the 11 sections of the conference; each considers a major phase of the problems incident to the increase in our older population — economic implications, income, employment, health, and so on. Three additional chapters define the general problem, describe the forum's background and organization, and review some of the developments since the conference.

Public Welfare and Relief

BIESTEK, FELIX P. The Principles of Client Self-Determination in Social Work. Washington: Catholic University of America Press, 1951. 220 pp. \$2.50.

(Continued on page 35)

July or did not report such payments.

In all states except California, Illinois, Louisiana, Nevada, New Jersey, and the Virgin Islands includes payments made on behalf of recipients of the special types of public assistance.

Payments for medical care, or both.

2 Excludes States that made no vendor payments for medical care for July or did not report such payments. Also excludes States for which count of cases is believed to be incomplete.

³ No program for aid to the permanently and totally disabled.

Less than 1 cent. ⁵ Average payment not computed on base of less than 50 recipients.