the trust fund over the same period have amounted to \$3,164 million or more than four times as much. In 1954 the administrative expenses of \$92 million represented only 20 percent of the interest receipts of the trust fund.

Any comparisons of the relative administrative expenses of the old-age and survivors insurance program with the corresponding cost of programs such as private pension plans or life insurance must be made with care because of their different natures. One difference that should be noted is that, for old-age and survivors insurance, some of the publicity essential to keeping people informed about the program is provided as a public service by radio and television stations and by newspapers and magazines.

Whatever base is used, it is clear that the administrative expenses paid out of the trust fund, and thus out of the contributions of workers and their employers, are relatively low, with the result that the bulk of such contributions is available for benefit payments.

Applicants for Account Numbers, 1954

The 2.7 million employee accounts established in 1954 brought the aggregate number of accounts established by the end of that year to 113 million (tables 1 and 2). The 1954 total represented a drop of 21 percent from 1953, the same percentage decline that had occurred from 1952 to 1953. The factors causing the decreases during these two periods,

 Table 2.—Number of applicants for account numbers and the cumulative number at the end of each period, by sex and by year, 1945-54

[In thousands]

	То	tal	M	ale	Female			
Period	Total during year	Cumulative total at end of year	Total during year	Cumulative total at end of year	Total during year	Cumulative total at end of year		
1945 1946 1947 1948 1948 1948 1949 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1954 1954	$\begin{array}{c} 3,321\\ 3,022\\ 2,728\\ 2,720\\ 2,340\\ 2,891\\ 4,927\\ 4,363\\ 3,464\\ 2,743\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 83,825\\ 86,847\\ 89,575\\ 92,295\\ 94,635\\ 97,526\\ 102,453\\ 106,816\\ 110,280\\ 113,023\\ \end{array}$	$1,504 \\ 1,432 \\ 1,299 \\ 1,305 \\ 1,113 \\ 1,405 \\ 2,420 \\ 2,292 \\ 1,664 \\ 1,299$	$\begin{array}{c} 50, 628\\ 52, 260\\ 53, 559\\ 54, 864\\ 55, 977\\ 37, 382\\ 59, 802\\ 62, 094\\ 63, 758\\ 65, 057\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,817\\ 1,590\\ 1,429\\ 1,415\\ 1,226\\ 1,485\\ 2,507\\ 2,071\\ 1,800\\ 1,444\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 32,997\\ 34,587\\ 36,016\\ 37,431\\ 38,657\\ 40,142\\ 42,649\\ 44,720\\ 46,520\\ 47,964\end{array}$		

however, were quite different. The 1953 experience reflected the sharp drop in the number of applications received from the nonfarm self-employed, who were first covered under the program in 1951. The decrease in 1954, on the other hand, appears to have resulted mainly from the contraction in job opportunities for new entrants in the labor market.

For the year as a whole, the number of accounts established in 1954 declined at about the same rate for men and women-22 percent and 20 percent, respectively. While in each of the first 3 quarters of 1954 the decrease from the corresponding quarter of 1953 was larger for men than for women, in the fourth quarter the situation was reversed. The 269,000 accounts established for men in October-December 1954 represented a 6-percent drop from the number in the fourth quarter of 1953, while the account numbers issued to women were 12 percent fewer than they had been a year earlier. It is estimated that during October-December 1954 approximately 50,000 n e w account-number applications were received from persons in employments newly covered by the 1954 amendments to the Social Security Act.¹ Many of these applicants probably were farm operators and professional self-employed persons, the majority of whom are men.

Account numbers issued to persons under 20 years of age dropped to 1.8 million or 20 percent less than in 1953, compared with a decline of 3.2 percent from 1952 to 1953 (table 4). While a decrease was registered in every quarter of 1954, it was sharpest during the first 2 quarters, when the shortage of job opportunities was relatively severe. The number of applicants under 20 years of age was 26 percent less during the first half of 1954 than in the corresponding period of the previous year. The drop, which was shared about equally by

1 For a discussion of the coverage provisions of the 1954 amendments, see James E. Marquis, "Old-Age and Survivors Insurance: Coverage Under the 1954 Amendments," Social Security Bulletin, January 1955.

Table 1.—Applicants for account numbers,	by race, age group, and sex,	by year, 1945-54
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	Total				Negro			Under age 20		Ag	ed 20 and ove	er 1
Year	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1952 1953 1954	$\begin{array}{c} 3,321,384\\ 3,022,057\\ 2,727,810\\ 2,719,642\\ 2,339,502\\ 2,890,570\\ 4,927,120\\ 4,363,351\\ 3,464,229\\ 2,743,072 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,505,839\\ 1,431,760\\ 1,299,092\\ 1,304,625\\ 1,113,006\\ 1,405,349\\ 2,420,488\\ 2,292,309\\ 1,664,153\\ 1,298,877 \end{array}$	$1,815,545 \\1,590,297 \\1,428,718 \\1,415,017 \\1,226,496 \\1,485,221 \\2,506,632 \\2,071,042 \\1,800,076 \\1,444,195 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 504,321\\ 388,489\\ 314,788\\ 309,790\\ 259,620\\ 319,272\\ 708,533\\ 428,887\\ 408,144\\ 321,049 \end{array}$	$195,313\\185,709\\154,975\\150,628\\125,342\\157,739\\282,037\\199,114\\189,571\\144,451$	$\begin{array}{c} 309,008\\ 202,780\\ 159,813\\ 159,182\\ 134,278\\ 161,533\\ 426,496\\ 229,773\\ 218,573\\ 176,598 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,851,854\\ 1,600,260\\ 1,620,237\\ 1,770,613\\ 1,518,152\\ 1,885,658\\ 2,537,114\\ 2,297,742\\ 2,223,602\\ 1,787,400 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 922,562\\746,796\\801,092\\912,189\\773,289\\1,001,757\\1,373,921\\1,208,883\\1,165,490\\917,132\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 929,292\\ 853,464\\ 819,145\\ 858,424\\ 744,863\\ 883,901\\ 1,163,193\\ 1,088,859\\ 1,058,112\\ 870,268\end{array}$	$1,469,530\\1,421,797\\1,107,573\\949,029\\821,350\\1,004,912\\2,390,006\\2,065,609\\1,240,627\\955,672$	$583,277\\684,964\\498,000\\392,436\\339,717\\403,592\\1.046,567\\1.083,426\\498,663\\381,745$	$\begin{array}{c} 886,253\\736,833\\609,573\\556,593\\481,633\\601,320\\1,343,439\\982,183\\741,964\\573,927\end{array}$

Includes a small number of applicants whose ages were not reported.

each age under 20, was the largest for this age group in any January-June period since 1946, when—with the entry or reentry of demobilized military personnel into the labor market —there was a sharp reduction in the number of youths getting jobs. Although there was a decrease in the absolute number of these younger applicants in 1954, the proportion they formed of the total rose slightly (1 percentage point) during the year to 65 percent (table 5).

There is a downward trend in the number of persons aged 20 and over who do not have account numbers. Mainly as a result of this trend, the number of accounts established for members of this age group decreased for the third consecutive year. The 956,000 account numbers issued to persons aged 20 and over in 1954

Table 3.—Applicants for account numbers, by sex, race, and age group, 1954

•		Total			Male		Female			
Age group	Total	al White ¹ Negro Total White ¹ Negro Tota		Total	Total White 1					
Total	2,743,072	2,422,023	321,049	1,298,877	1,154,426	144,451	1,444,195	1,267,597	176, 598	
Under 15.	181,970	163,208 1,432,427	18,762 173,003			14,286 90.080				
20-39 40-59	474,555 324,057	293,330	30,727	98,209	90,304	27,925 7,905	225,848	203,026	22,822	
60-64 65-69	61,859 47,777	44,765	3,518 3,012	25,736	24,316	1,420	22,041	20,449		
70 and over Unknown	46,778 646		2,291 117	29,473 367	28,035 317	1,438 50			853 67	

¹ Represents all races other than Negro.

Table 4.—Applicants for account numbers, by sex and age, 1954 and 1953

		Total			Male			Female				
Age group	1954	1953	Per- centage change	1954	1953	Per- centage change	1954	1953	Per- centage change			
Total 1	2,742,426	3,463,497	-20.8	1,298,510	1,663.702	-22.0	1,443,916	1, 799, 795	-19.8			
Under 20 20-24	214,375 96,980 79,889 83,311 96,011 89,081 74,745	$125.074 \\ 106.490 \\ 117.889 \\ 129.477 \\ 120.537 \\ 101.619 \\$	$\begin{array}{r} -20.7\\ -22.5\\ -25.0\\ -29.3\\ -25.8\\ -26.1\\ -26.4\end{array}$	$100, 291 \\ 45, 717 \\ 30, 606 \\ 24, 270 \\ 26, 665 \\ 24, 995 \\ 23, 341$	58, 328 39, 576 34, 180 37, 322 37, 408 35, 932	$\begin{array}{r} -18.1 \\ -21.6 \\ -22.7 \\ -29.0 \\ -28.6 \\ -33.2 \\ -35.0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 114,084\\ 51,263\\ 49,283\\ 59,041\\ 69,346\\ 64,086\\ 51,404 \end{array}$	66,746 66,915 83,709 92,155 83,129 65,687	$\begin{array}{r} -22.8 \\ -23.2 \\ -26.3 \\ -29.5 \\ -24.8 \\ -22.9 \\ -21.7 \end{array}$			
55-59 60 and over 60-64 65-69 70 and over	61,859 47,777	178,978 75,863 53,225	-12.6 -18.5 -10.2	82,285 27,076 25,736	96,384 35,830 29,091	-14.6 -24.4 -11.5	74,129 34,783 22,041	82, 594 40, 033 24, 134	-10.2			

¹ Excludes 646 applicants in 1954 (367 men and 279 women) and 732 applicants in 1953 (451 men and 281 women), whose ages were not reported.

 Table 5.—Percentage distribution of applicants for account numbers, by age, 1951-54

		То	tal			М	ale			Fer	nale			
Age group	1954	1953	1952	1951	1954	1953	1952	1951	1954	1953	1952	1951		
Total	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0		
Under 20	65.2	64.2	52.7	51.5	70.6	70.1	52.8	56.8	60.3	58.8	52.6	46.4		
20-59	29.1 11.4	30.6 11.4	37.1 10.4	40.6 12.5	23.0 11.2	24.2 10.9	34.0 9.2	3540 12.2	34.6 11.5	36.6 11.9	40.6 11.7	46.1		
30-39	6.0	6.5	7.0	9.2	4.2	4.4	5.1	7.5	7.5	8.4	9.0	12.8 10.9		
40-49	6.7	7.2	9.7	10.2	4.0	4.5	8.2	7.8	9.2	9.7	11.3	10. 8		
50-59	5.1	5.5	10.1	8.6	3.6	4.4	11.4	7.5	6.4	6.6	8.6	9.8		
60 and over	5.7	5.2	10.2	7.8	6.3	5.8	13.3	8.2	5.1	4.6	6.8	7.5		
60-64	2.3	2.2	4.4	3.6	2.1	2.2	5.5	3.5	2.4	2.2	3.2	3.6		
65-69	1.7	1.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	1, 7	3.9	2.6	1.5	1.3	2.0	2.3		
70 and over	1.7	1.4	2.8	1.8	2.3	1.9	3.9	2.1	1.2	1.0	1.6	1.5		

were 23 percent fewer than in 1953; they were less than the number in 1950 for the first time since coverage extension under the 1950 amendments first became effective.

A decrease from the number issued in 1953 was registered at each age over 20, but the decline for persons aged 60 and over was considerably smaller than for the entire group aged 20 and over. The relatively small decrease (13 percent) shown for this older age group is attributable to an increase in the fourth quarter in the number of these elderly applicants-many of them farm operators and professional self-employed persons to whom coverage was extended under the 1954 amendments. In October-December 1954 the number of accounts established for persons aged 60 and over was 54 percent higher than the number in the fourth quarter a year earlier-91 percent for the men and 18 percent for the women.

During 1954, accounts were issued to 321,000 Negroes—144,000 men and 177,000 women. This total represented a decrease of 21 percent from that in 1953, compared with a drop of 4.2 percent in 1953. Negroes formed 12 percent of all applicants the same as in the preceding year.

Employers, Workers, and Wages Under OASI, April-September 1954

Employees with taxable wages in employment covered by old-age and survivors insurance numbered an estimated 46 million in the second quarter of 1954 and 45 million in the third quarter. These totals were 4.8 percent and 5.9 percent lower than those in the corresponding quarter of the preceding year. The declines continued the pattern that has prevailed beginning with the fourth quarter of 1953, when the contraction in business activity was reflected in these data. The number of employees in covered employment in April-June 1954 (46.5 million) and July-September 1954 (47.0 million) was less by 4.1 percent and 5.1 percent, respectively, than in the corresponding quarters of 1953.

Social Security