Notes and Brief Reports

Employers, Workers, and Wages, April-June 1950

The expansion in economic activity that took place during the second quarter of 1950 was reflected in increases in the estimated number of workers and amount of wages in the period April-June 1950. For the first time since October-December 1948 the total number of workers in covered industries-estimated at 40 million in April-June 1950—exceeded the number in the corresponding quarter of the preceding year; and for the first time since July-September 1948 the number of workers with taxable wages-estimated at 39.5 millionshowed no decline from the corresponding quarter of the preceding This reversal in trend was chiefly the result of employment gains in manufacturing and construction.

Average taxable wages and average wages in covered industry, estimated at \$608 and \$650, respectively, were 6 percent and 5 percent higher than in the corresponding quarter of 1949 as a result of increases both in average hourly earnings and in the average number of hours worked each week. The operation of the \$3,000 limitation on taxable wages, however, caused average taxable wages to decline 2 percent from the first to the second quarter of 1950, although the average wage per worker in covered industry rose slightly.

During the second quarter of 1950, an estimated 2.8 million employers reported payment of taxable wages— 3.7 percent more than in the second quarter of 1949 and 4.9 percent more than in the first quarter of 1950. This increase, also, reflected improving business conditions.

Amendments to the Civil Service Retirement Act

Two laws dealing with the civilservice retirement system were enacted by the Eighty-first Congress in its second session. The following brief summary gives a general description of the new provisions.

Public Law 547 changes the provisions governing the payment of the lump-sum death benefit. Previously, if the employee had not designated a specific beneficiary or beneficiaries, the payment was made to the executor or administrator of the estate or, if

Old-age and survivors insurance: Estimated number of employers 1 and workers and estimated amount of wages in covered industries, by specified period, 1940-50

[Corrected to Nov. 1, 1950]

		(Corrected to	o Nov. 1, 1	950]			
Year and quarter	Employers reporting wages 2 (in pe	Workers with tax-	Taxable wages ²		All workers employed	Total payrolls in covered industries ³	
		able wages during period ² (in thousands)	Total (in millions)	A verage per worker	in covered industries during period 3 (in thousands)	Total (in millions)	Average per worker
1940	3,017	35, 393 40, 976 46, 363 47, 656 46, 296 46, 392 48, 845 48, 908 49, 100 47, 500	\$32, 974 41, 848 52, 939 62, 423 64, 426 62, 945 69, 088 78, 372 84, 122 82, 076	\$932 1,021 1,142 1,310 1,392 1,357 1,414 1,602 1,713 1,728	35, 393 40, 976 46, 363 47, 656 46, 296 46, 392 48, 845 48, 908 49, 100 47, 500	\$35, 668 45, 463 58, 219 69, 653 73, 349 71, 560 79, 260 92, 449 102, 255 100, 252	\$1,008 1,110 1,256 1,462 1,584 1,543 1,625 1,890 2,083 2,111
1943							Ì
January–March April–June July–September October–December	1, 971 2, 008 1, 998 2, 001	36, 537 37, 483 37, 682 36, 016	15, 462 16, 561 15, 838 14, 562	423 442 420 404	36, 537 37, 557 38, 057 37, 593	15, 760 17, 400 17, 498 18, 995	431 463 460 505
1944	·			ı			
January–March April–June July–September October–December	2, 010 2, 048 2, 038 2, 039	36, 326 36, 893 37, 301 35, 629	17, 362 17, 284 16, 243 13, 537	478 468 435 380	36, 326 36, 992 37, 752 37, 789	17, 696 18, 185 18, 359 19, 109	487 492 486 506
1945]	
January–March April–June July–September October–December	2, 076 2, 149 2, 176 2, 199	35, 855 35, 854 35, 684 33, 598	17, 874 17, 541 14, 982 12, 548	499 489 420 373	35, 855 35, 949 36, 285 35, 973	18, 262 18, 558 17, 261 17, 478	509 516 476 486
1946		i					
January–March April–June July–September October–December	2, 287 2, 416 2, 478 2, 513	36, 038 38, 055 39, 670 37, 945	16, 840 17, 845 17, 709 16, 694	467 469 446 440	36, 038 38, 153 40, 228 39, 930	17, 397 19, 079 20, 222 22, 562	483 500 503 565
1947							
January-March April-June July-September October-December	2, 509 2, 587 2, 617 2, 609	38, 765 39, 801 40, 255 37, 448	20, 805 20, 655 19, 555 17, 357	537 519 486 463	38, 765 40, 175 41, 155 40, 748	21, 497 22, 245 23, 035 25, 672	555 554 560 630
1948				ļ			
January-March April-June July-September October-December	2, 588 2, 690 2, 681 2, 661	39, 560 40, 245 40, 585 36, 790	23, 080 22, 708 21, 150 17, 184	583 564 521 467	39, 560 40, 524 41, 675 40, 863	23, 923 24, 668 25, 700 27, 964	605 609 617 684
1949		l					
January-March 4April-June 4July-September 4October-December 4	2, 639 2, 700 2, 710 2, 720	38, 500 39, 500 38, 900 35, 400	23, 376 22, 600 20, 300 15, 800	607 572 522 446	38, 500 39, 800 40, 100 39, 700	24, 252 24, 600 25, 100 26, 300	630 618 626 662
1950	'				!		
January-March 4	2, 670 2, 800	38, 000 39, 500	23, 600 24, 000	621 608	38, 000 40, 000	24, 500 26, 000	645 650

¹ Number corresponds to number of employer returns. A return may relate to more than I establishment if employer operates several separate establishments but reports for concern as a whole.

2 Quarterly and annual data for 1937-39 were presented in the Bulletin for Feb. 1947, p. 31; quarterly data for 1940 were presented in the Bulletin

Preliminary.

for Aug. 1947, p. 30; quarterly data for 1941 and 1942 were presented in the *Bulletin* for Feb. 1948, p. 31.

3 A description of these series and quarterly data for 1940 were presented in the *Bulletin* for Aug. 1947, p. 30; quarterly data for 1941 and 1942 were presented in the *Bulletin* for Feb. 1948, p. 31.

4 Preliminary.

there were no such individual, to whomever the Commission deemed to be legally entitled thereto. Under the amendments, if a beneficiary is not designated, a definite order of payees established-widow or widower, children, parents, and, in the absence of any of these, the executor or administrator of the employee's estate: in the absence of any of these specified survivors and if no executor or administrator has been named, payment is made to the next of kin as determined by the Civil Service Commission. This amendment will result in considerable administrative savings, as well as convenience for employees, by doing away with the necessity for a written designation of beneficiary in a vast majority of the cases in which the spouse would be the beneficiary desired.

Public Law 601 increases the benefit for employees who had retired before April 1948. Under the 1948 amendments, such individuals-instead of having their benefits recomputed under the new formula-were permitted to choose between (a) an increase of 25 percent or \$25 a month, whichever was smaller, in the annuity computed under the earlier law; and (b) the same annuity, but with a survivor annuity for the spouse amounting to 50 percent of the employee's annuity computed under the previous law or \$50 a month, whichever was smaller.

The 1950 amendment provides that, effective September 1950, such retired individuals shall receive, regardless of their 1948 choice, both survivor protection and the increase in their own benefits. Thus for annuitants who had elected the survivor option, the annuity payable to them is increased, while for those who had elected the option of a larger annuity, survivor protection is now in existence. For individuals in the latter category who died after April 30, 1948, survivor benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, beginning September 1950.

Economic Status of Aged Persons and of Dependent Children

To meet requests from congressional committees and the general

public for information on the economic status of the aged and other special population groups, the Social Security Administration periodically prepares estimates of the number of aged persons, widows, and orphans with income from known sources. Such data have been found useful for program planning and for other purposes.

Tables 1 and 2 present estimates of the number of aged persons, widows. and paternal orphans in the population in June 1950, as well as the number with income from employment, social insurance and related programs, and public assistance. Similar estimates for December 1940, December 1945, and December 1949 appeared in the Bulletin for June 1950.

Little is known concerning the number of persons in each of these three groups with no money income or concerning the number with income from sources not listed, such as industrial pensions, insurance or annuity contracts, dividends, interest, or rents. How many are living in whole or part on the sale of assets or withdrawals

Table 1.-Estimated number of persons aged 65 years and over, receiving income from specified source, June 1950

	[In	millions]
_		

G	Number of persons			
Source of income	Total	Men	Women	
Total population aged 65 and over 1	11.6	5. 5	6.1	
EmploymentEarners	3.7 2.9	2.3 2.3	1.4	
Wives of earners	.9		.9	
Old-age and survivors in- surance	2. 1	1.2	.9	
Railroad retirement Federal civil-service re-	. 3	.2	.1	
tirement	. 1	.1	(2)	
Veterans' program	. 3	. 1	. 1	
Other 3	. 4	. 1	. 3	
Old-age assistance	2.8	1.3	1.5	

¹ Includes some persons with no income or with income from sources other than those specified. Some persons received income from more than one of the sources listed.

Sources: Total population and earners from Bureau of the Census. Number of persons in receipt of payments under social insurance and related programs and from old-age assistance, reported by administrative agencies, partly estimated. Number of wives of earners and number of wives of male beneficiaries of programs other than old-age and survivors insurance estimated from Census data on marital status.

from savings accounts is also unknown. Still another area in which information is generally lacking is the extent to which persons received income from two or more of the sources listed in the tables or from one or more of such sources plus one or more of the unlisted sources.

The tables do not throw any light. either, on the income distribution of the aged and of dependent survivors. Program operations yield data on size of payments, but many social insurance beneficiaries and public assistance recipients have other sources of income in addition. Surveys suggest that in general the larger the aged person's or survivor's income, the larger is the number of sources from which it is derived. The retired worker with earnings high enough to qualify him for a relatively large retirement benefit is also likely to have accumulated assets furnishing him with additional income. The same generalization may be made about the survivors of workers with high earnings.

Table 2.—Estimated number of children under age 18 with father dead, and of widows under age 65, receiving income from specified source, June 1950

[In millions]

	Sur-	Widows under age 65 ²		
Source of income	vivor chil- dren under age 18 ¹	Total	With 1 or more chil- dren under age 18	
Total in population 3	2. 0	3. 4	0.6	
Employment Social insurance and related programs: Old-age and survivors in-	.1	1.8	.3	
surance. Veterans' program. Other 4. Aid to dependent children.	. 6 . 3 (5) . 4	. 2 . 4 (5) . 1	(5) .1	

Includes children not living with widowed mother ² Excludes widows who have remarried

Sources: Number of widows in population and employed persons among widows and survivor children under age 18, estimated from Census Bureau data. Number of survivor children under age 18 based on October 1949 estimate prepared by Division of the Actuary, Social Security Administration. Number of persons in receipt of payments under social insurance and related programs and from aid to dependent children, reported by administrative agencies, partly estimated.

Less than 50,000 Beneficiaries of Federal retirement programs other than civil service and of State and local government retirement programs, and the wives of male beneficiaries of programs other than old-age and survivors insurance.

Includes some persons with no income or with income from sources other than those specified. Some persons received income from more than one of the sources listed.
4 Railroad and Federal civil-service retirement.

⁵ Less than 50,000.