## Notes and Brief Reports

## Social Welfare Expenditures

During the fiscal year 1951-52 social welfare expenditures in the United States under civilian public programs increased by about \$1 billion, or 5 percent. The continued

growth of old-age and survivors insurance and a substantial increase in expenditures for public education were primarily responsible for the increase in the total. Veterans' benefits declined, as fewer veterans had any remaining educational credits

Table 1.—Social welfare expenditures in the United States under civilian public programs, fiscal years 1949-50, 1950-51, and 1951-521

[In millions]					
Program	1951-52	1949–50			
	Total				
Total	\$24, 950. 5	\$23, 760. 0	\$23, 796. 4		
Social insurance Public aid <sup>2</sup> Health and medical services <sup>3</sup> Other welfare services <sup>4</sup> Education Veterans' programs <sup>5</sup>	5, 662. 3 2, 584. 1 2, 553. 5 679. 4 8, 753. 8 4, 717. 4	4, 760. 5 2, 585. 1 2, 405. 2 526. 4 7, 976. 7 5, 506. 1	4, 727. 3 2, 586. 0 2, 186. 7 481. 9 7, 289. 1 6, 525. 4		
	From Federal funds				
Total	\$9, 841. 5	\$9, 634. 6	\$9, 482. 7		
Social insurance Old-age and survivors insurance. Railroad retirement. Public employee retirement. Unemployment insurance and employment service. Railroad unemployment insurance Railroad temporary disability insurance Workmen's compensation Public aid <sup>2</sup> . Health and medical services <sup>3</sup> . Other welfare services <sup>4</sup> . Education. Veterans' programs <sup>5</sup> . Pensions and compensation <sup>6</sup> . Readjustment allowances. Health and medical services <sup>7</sup> . Education. Welfare and other <sup>8</sup> .	26. 3 27. 7 38. 3 1, 210. 7 350. 4 120. 6 253. 8 4, 574. 6 2, 193. 2 7 765. 1 1, 381. 0 234. 5	2, 711. 6 1, 568. 5 321. 0 555. 0 177. 8 28. 3 28. 9 32. 1 1, 189. 6 321. 4 113. 9 126. 7 5, 171. 4 2, 120. 8 691. 1 2, 020. 5 328. 1	1, 877. 8 784. 1 304. 4 433. 6 179. 9 119. 6 31. 1 25. 1 1, 097. 2 258. 8 112. 1 73. 4 6, 063. 4 2, 092. 8 742. 1 2, 689. 1 391. 1		
	From State and local funds				
Total	\$15, 109. 0	\$14, 125. 4	\$14, 313. 7		
Social insurance Public employee retirement Unemployment insurance and employment service State temporary disability insurance Workmen's compensation Public aid <sup>2</sup> Health and medical services <sup>3</sup> Other welfare services <sup>4</sup> Education Veterans' programs	2, 330. 9 404. 0 991. 8 176. 7 758. 4 1, 373. 4 2, 203. 1 558. 8, 500. 0 142. 8	2, 048. 9 367. 0 872. 7 139. 6 669. 6 1, 395. 5 2, 083. 8 412. 5 7, 850. 0 334. 7	2, 849. 5 310. 0 1, 862. 4 73. 5 603. 6 1, 488. 8 1, 927. 9 369. 8 7, 215. 7 462. 0		

<sup>1</sup> Data represent expenditures from public funds represent expenditures from puloir funds (general and special) and trust accounts, and other expenditures under public law; exclude transfers to such accounts and loans; include administrative expenditures unless otherwise noted. Fiscal years ended June 30 for Federal Government, most States, and some localities; for other States and localities and some localities; for other States and localities. fiscal years cover various 12-month periods ended in the specified year.

2 Old-age assistance, aid to dependent children, aid to the blind old to the permanently and totally dis-

to the blind, aid to the permanently and totally disabled, and, from State and local funds, general assistance.

3 Includes hospital construction and medical research; excludes veterans' programs, medical expenditures of the Military Establishment and the Atomic Energy Commission, and health and medical services provided in connection with public education, public assistance, workmen's compensation, and those subordinate to the performance of other functions such as those of the Civil Aeronautics Authority

4 Represents vocational rehabilitation (other than medical rehabilitation services, included under health and medical services), child welfare services,

school lunch program, and institutional care.

\* Excludes Federal bonus payments, appropriations to Government life insurance trust fund, and accounts of several small revolving funds.

Includes burial awards

Includes hospital construction.

<sup>8</sup> Vocational rehabilitation, specially adapted homes and automobiles for disabled veterans, counbeneficiaries' travel, loan guaranty, and domiciliary care.

Represents payments by private insurance carriers, State funds, and self-insurers of benefits payable under State law and estimated costs of State administration. Administrative costs of private insurance carriers and self-insurers not available.

which to draw. Public expenditures for health and medical services increased about 6 percent. Public assistance remained at about the same level in 1951-52 as in the preceding year, in spite of a 5-percent rise in the consumers' price index.

The \$25 billion spent for social welfare programs in 1951-52 represented 7.4 percent of the gross national product in that year, a slightly smaller proportion than in 1950-51 (table 2). Because of the large increase in government spending, primarily for defense purposes, social welfare programs accounted for a considerably smaller proportion of total government expenditures than in the previous few years-27 percent as compared with 34 percent or 35 percent. Social welfare expenditures from Federal funds accounted for 15 percent of all Federal Government expenditures1 when veterans' programs are included in social welfare and 8 percent when they are excluded. About 61 percent of all expenditures from State and local funds were for social welfare programs.2

As in earlier years, about 60 percent of all social welfare expenditures came from State and local funds, and about 40 percent came from Federal funds. If the veterans' programs are excluded, three-fourths of the remaining social welfare expenditures were from State and local funds and only one-fourth were from Federal funds. Of the Federal funds used for programs other than those for veterans, more than one-third represented grants-in-aid to the States or localities for programs administered by State or local governments.

Some of the figures shown in table 1 Total Federal expenditures represent the cash consolidated budget of the Federal Government-that is, expenditures from general revenues and from trust funds, excluding interfund transfers.

<sup>2</sup> State and local government expenditures include expenditures from State accounts in the unemployment trust fund but exclude Federal grants-in-aid. Data for earlier years published in the Bulletin for February 1953, table 5, last column, included Federal grants-in-aid in the base; all the figures for social welfare expenditures from State and local funds as a percent of State and local government expenditures for all purposes would have been between 5 and 6 percentage points higher than those shown if corrected for this error.

Table 2.—Social welfare expenditures under civilian public programs in relation to gross national product, fiscal years 1949–50, 1950–51, and 1951-52

Program	Social welfare expenditures as percent of gross national product				
	1951-52	1950-51	1949-50		
Total	7.4	7.7	8.7		
Veterans' programs All others	1. 4 6. 0	1. 8 5. 9	2. 4 6. 3		
Social insurance Public aid Health and medical.	1.7 .8 .8	1. 5 . 8 . 8	1.7 .9 .8		
EducationOther	2.6 .2	2.6 .2	2.7		

1 have been revised on the basis of more recent data or estimates than were available at the time the historical series for the years 1936-37 through 1950-51, presented in the February 1953 issue of the Bulletin, was prepared. The changes that are large enough to be significant for the analyses of trends occur in the data on expenditures from State and local funds. There is a considerable time lag in the availability of reported data for programs not supported by Federal grants-in-aid, and some of the estimates, particularly those relating to local government expenditures, are rough and subject to further change as new data become available. The revised figures in table 1 can be compared with those for earlier years without significant distortion of trends for all programs except education. The figures in table 1 on State and local expenditures for education incorporate a revised estimate of school construction expenditures. The comparable revised figure for State and local expenditures for education in the fiscal years 1943-44 through 1948-49 are as follows:

Year	Amount (in millions)
1943-44	\$2,914.2
1944-45	
1945 <del>-4</del> 6	
1946-47	
1947-48	5,424.8
1948-49	6,288.1

For earlier years the differences between the revised estimates and those published in the February 1953 Bul-LETIN are negligible.

## Employers, Workers, and Wages, October 1952– March 1953

During October-December 1952 the number of workers in covered employment, not including the self-employed, with wages taxable under oldage and survivors insurance is estimated at 43 million - 2.9 percent higher than in the fourth quarter of 1951 but 7.5 percent lower than in the third quarter of 1952. Their taxable wages, estimated at \$24 billion, in-

Estimated number of employers and workers and estimated amount of wages in employment covered under old-age and survivors insurance, for specified periods, 1940-53<sup>2</sup>

[Corrected to Aug. 24, 1953]

[Controlled to Aug. 24, 2004									
Year and quarter	Employers reporting wages <sup>2</sup> (in thousands)	Workers with taxable wages during period * (in thousands)	Taxable wages *		All workers in covered employ-	Total payrolls in covered employment 4			
			Total (in millions)	Average per worker	ment during period (in thousands)	Total (in millions)	Average per worker		
1940	2, 614 3, 017 3, 246 3, 298 3, 316 3, 340 4, 440	35, 303 40, 976 46, 363 47, 656 46, 296 46, 392 48, 892 48, 908 49, 018 46, 796 48, 100 54, 600 56, 000	\$32, 974 41, 848 52, 939 62, 423 64, 426 62, 945 69, 988 78, 372 84, 122 81, 808 87, 498 110, 910 118, 700	\$932 1,021 1,142 1,310 1,392 1,357 1,414 1,602 1,716 1,748 1,819 2,031 2,120	35, 393 40, 976 46, 363 47, 656 46, 296 46, 392 48, 845 48, 908 49, 018 46, 796 48, 100 54, 600 56, 000	\$35, 668 45, 463 58, 219 69, 653 73, 349 71, 560 92, 449 102, 255 99, 989 109, 804 133, 800 144, 000	\$1,008 1,110 1,256 1,462 1,584 1,543 1,623 1,890 2,086 2,137 2,283 2,451 2,587		
January-March A pril-June July-September October-December	2, 287 2, 416 2, 478 2, 513	36, 038 38, 055 39, 670 37, 945	16, 840 17, 845 17, 709 16, 694	467 469 446 440	36, 038 38, 153 40, 228 39, 930	17, 397 19, 079 20, 222 22, 562	483 500 503 565		
January-March	2, 509 2, 587 2, 617 2, 609	38, 765 39, 801 40, 255 37, 448	20, 805 20, 655 19, 555 17, 357	537 519 486 463	38, 765 40, 175 41, 155 40, 748	21, 497 22, 245 23, 035 25, 672	555 554 560 630		
1948 January-March April-June July-September October-December	2, 690	39, 560 40, 245 40, 585 36, 790	23, 080 22, 708 21, 150 17, 184	583 564 521 467	39, 560 40, 524 41, 675 41, 540	23, 923 24, 668 25, 700 27, 964	605 609 617 673		
January-March April-June Jfily-September October-December	2,693	38, 162 38, 591 38, 333 34, 529	23, 376 22, 571 20, 160 15, 701	613 585 526 455	38, 162 38, 864 39, 601 39, 477	24, 254 24, 570 24, 971 26, 194	636 632 631 664		
1950 January-March  April-June  July-September  October-December	2, 671 2, 766 2, 768 2, 741	37, 400 39, 200 40, 400 36, 200	23, 490 24, 052 22, 382 17, 574	628 614 554 485	37, 400 39, 500 41, 800 41, 700	24, 316 26, 210 28, 165 31, 113	650 664 674 746		
January-March 6. A pril-June 6. July-September 6. October-December 6.	3,630	43, 600 45, 200 45, 500 41, 800	30, 175 30, 515 27, 658 22, 562	692 675 608 540	43, 600 45, 500 46, 500 46, 500	30, 900 32, 900 34, 000 36, 000	709 723 731 774		
January-March 6 April-June 6 April-June 6 July-September 6 October-December 6	3,650	45, 000 46, 000 46, 500 43, 000	33, 200 32, 500 29, 000 24, 000	738 707 624 558	45, 000 46, 500 47, 500 48, 000	34, 000 35, 000 36, 000 39, 000	756 753 758 812		
1953 January-March 6	3,600	48,000	37,000	771	48, 000	38,000	792		

<sup>1</sup> Number corresponds to number of employer returns. A return may relate to more than I establishment if employer operates several separate establishments but reports for concern as a whole.

2Data exclude joint coverage under the railroad retirement and old-age and survivors insurance

for 1940 see the Bulletin, August 1947, p. 30. Quarterly data for other years were in the February 1948 and January 1953 issues.

programs.

For quarterly and annual data for 1937-39 see the Bulletin, February 1947, p. 31. Quarterly data for other years were in the August 1947, February 1948, and January 1953 issues.

<sup>4</sup> For a description of the series and quarterly data

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Preliminary. <sup>6</sup> Preliminary; includes data for new coverage under the 1950 amendments, except for self-employed persons and their earnings. In 1951 an estimated 58 million persons, including the self-employed, had taxable earnings of \$120.1 billion, or \$2,071 per person with taxable earnings; for 1952, the corresponding figures were 60 million, \$128.0 billion, and \$2,133.